# TRIG CHEAT SHEET

#### **QUOTIENT IDENTITIES**

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

#### RECIPROCAL IDENTITIES

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

$$cosec \theta = \frac{1}{sin \theta}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

#### PYTHAGOREAN IDENTITIES

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

$$1 + \tan^2\theta = \sec^2\theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2\theta = \csc^2\theta$$

## **CO-FUNCTION IDENTITIES**

$$\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{2}-\theta\right] = \sin\theta$$

$$\sin\left[\frac{\pi}{2}-\theta\right] = \cos\theta$$

$$\cot\left[\frac{\pi}{2}-0\right] = \tan\theta$$

$$\tan \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right] = \cot \theta$$

$$sec\left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right] = cosec \theta$$

$$\csc\left[\frac{\pi}{2}-\theta\right] = \sec\theta$$

#### **EVEN-ODD FORMULAS**

$$sin(-\theta) = -sin \theta$$

$$cos(-\theta) = cos \theta$$

$$tan(-\theta) = -tan \theta$$

$$\cot(-\theta) = -\cot\theta$$

$$sec(-\theta) = sec \theta$$

$$cosec(-\theta) = -cosec \theta$$

#### PRODUCT TO SUM FORMULA

$$\cos x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos (x - y) + \cos (x + y) \right]$$

$$\sin x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sin (x + y) + \sin (x - y) \right]$$

$$\sin x \sin y = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos (x - y) - \cos (x + y) \right]$$

$$\cos x \sin y = \frac{1}{2} [\sin (x + y) - \sin (x - y)]$$

## HALF ANGLE FORMULAS

$$\sin\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos\alpha}{1+\cos\alpha}}$$

$$=\frac{\sin\alpha}{1+\cos\alpha}$$

$$=\frac{1-\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha}$$

# SUM TO PRODUCT FORMULA

$$\sin x + \sin y = 2\sin \frac{(x+y)}{2} \cos \frac{(x-y)}{2}$$

$$\sin x - \sin y = 2\sin \frac{(x-y)}{2}\cos \frac{(x+y)}{2}$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2\sin\frac{(x+y)}{2} \sin\frac{(x-y)}{2}$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2\cos\frac{(x+y)}{2}\cos\frac{(x-y)}{2}$$

## DOUBLE ANGLE FORMULAS

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$= \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha}$$

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1$$

$$= 1 - 2\sin^2\alpha$$

$$=\frac{1-\tan^2\alpha}{1+\tan^2\alpha}$$

# TRIPLE ANGLE FORMULAS

$$\sin 3\theta = 3\sin\theta - 4\sin^3\theta$$

$$\cos 3\theta = 4\cos^3\theta - 3\cos\theta$$

$$\tan 3\theta = \frac{(3\tan\theta - \tan^3\theta)}{(1 - 3\tan^2\theta)}$$

$$\csc 3\theta = \frac{1}{(3\sin\theta - 4\sin^3\theta)}$$

$$\sec 3\theta = \frac{1}{(4\cos^3\theta - 3\cos\theta)}$$

$$\cot 3\theta = \frac{(1 - 3\tan^2\theta)}{(3\tan\theta - \tan^3\theta)}$$